

October 2009 No. OCH459 REVISED EDITION-A

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

# **Series PLA** Ceiling Cassettes

**R410A** 

Indoor unit [Model names]

[Service Ref.]

PLA-RP100BA3

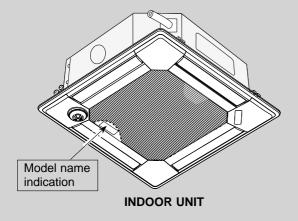
PLA-RP100BA3

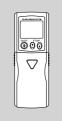
#### Revision:

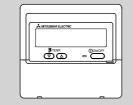
- "11. SPECIAL FUNCTION" has been modified in REVISED EDITION-A.
- Some descriptions have been modified.
- Please void OCH459.

#### NOTE:

- This manual describes only service data of the indoor units.
- RoHS compliant products have <G> mark on the spec name plate.







WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROLLER

WIRED REMOTE CONTROLLER

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PARTS CATALOGUE (OCB459)



1

# **TECHNICAL CHANGES**

# PLP-6BAJ (Automatic filter elevation panel, option)

The controller board (U.B) has been changed (only for the panel but not for the service part).

2

# **REFERENCE MANUAL**

# **OUTDOOR UNIT'S SERVICE MANUAL**

Service Ref.		Service Manual No.	
PU(H)-P100VHA#2.UK	PU(H)-P100VHAR3.UK	00070	
PU(H)-P100YHA#2.UK	PU(H)-P100YHAR3.UK	OC379	
PUHZ-P100VHA3.UK		OCH415/OCB415	
PUHZ-P200YHA3		OCH424/OCB424	
PUHZ-HRP100VHA2		OCH425/OCB425	
PUHZ-HRP100YHA2		OCH425/OCB425	
PUHZ-RP100VKA			
PUHZ-RP100/200YKA		OCH451/OCB451	

# SAFETY PRECAUTION

#### 3-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

#### 3-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilising refrigerant R410A

#### Use new refrigerant pipes.

In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the followings.

- · For RP100, 125 and 140, be sure to perform replacement operation before test run.
- Change flare nut to the one provided with this product.
   Use a newly flared pipe.
- · Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contamination such as sulfur hazardous for use, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc.

In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Store the piping to be used indoors during installation, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Use ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil (small amount) as the refrigerant oil applied to flares and flange connections.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

# Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

## Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

# Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

# Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A		
Gauge manifold	Flare tool	
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge	
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor	
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant	
	charging scale	

#### Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

# Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

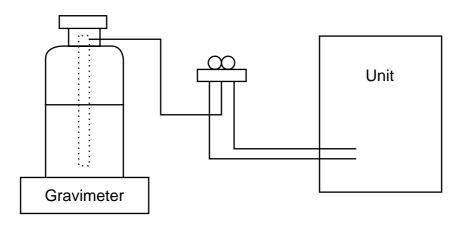
# [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

# [2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



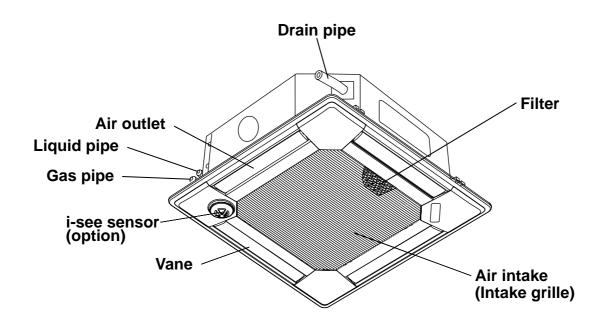
# [3] Service tools

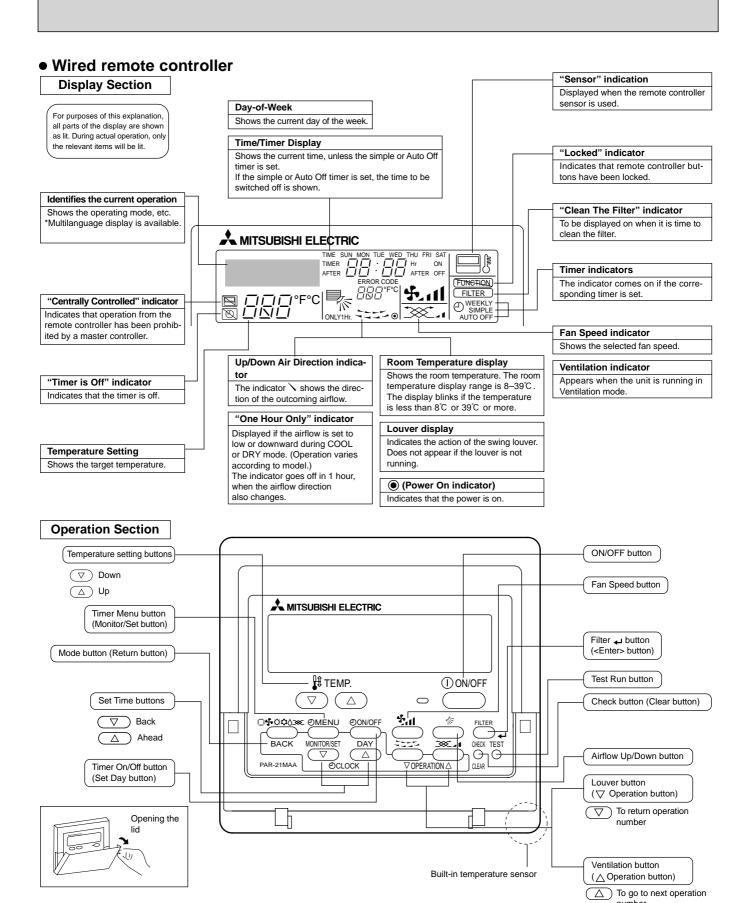
Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
1	Gauge manifold	· Only for R410A
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic scale	
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
(5)	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	
7	Refrigerant cylinder	Only for R410A Top of cylinder (Pink)
		· Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	

# 4

# PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS



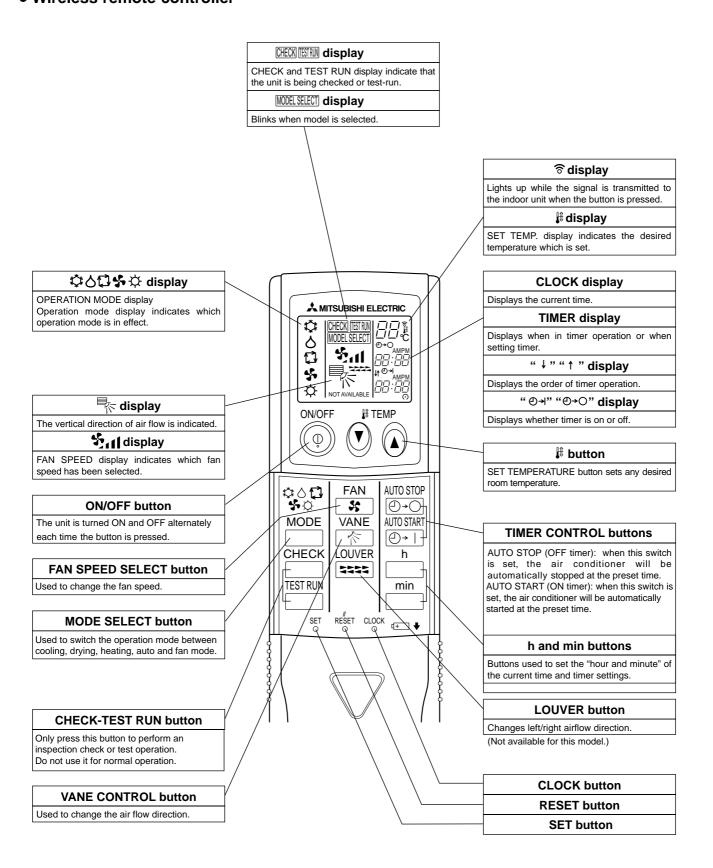


#### Note:

- "PLEASE WAIT" message
  - This message is displayed for approximately 3 minutes when power is supplied to the indoor unit or when the unit is recovering from a power failure.
- "NOT AVAILABLE" message

This message is displayed if an invalid button is pressed (to operate a function that the indoor unit does not have). If a single remote controller is used to operate multiple indoor units simultaneously that are different types, this message will not be displayed as far as any of the indoor units is equipped with the function.

## • Wireless remote controller



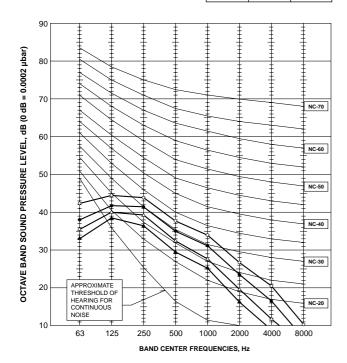
# **SPECIFICATIONS**

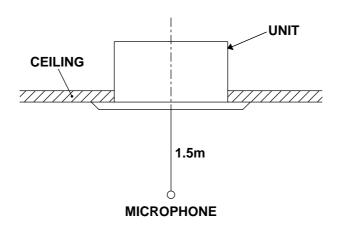
	Service Ref.				PLA-RP1	100BA3
	Mode		Cooling	Heating		
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phase,	50Hz, 230V
		Input		kW	0.15	0.14
		Running current		Α	1.00	0.94
	External f	inish (Panel)			Munsell 6.4	4Y 8.9/0.4
╎	Heat exch				Plate fi	in coil
LINI	Fan	Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fan (	direct) × 1
		Fan motor output		output kW 0.120		20
lg.		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	20-23-26-30(710-	. ,
Ιğ	External static pressure Pa(m		Pa(mmAq)	0(direct blow)		
NDOOR	Booster heater		kW	<del>-</del>		
	Operation control & Thermostat			Remote controller & built-in		
	Noise level (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		dB	32-34-3		
	Field drain pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	32(1-	,	
	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	,	
	D H		mm(in.)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	,	
			mm(in.)	UNIT : 298 (11-3/4)		
	Weight kg(lbs)		UNIT : 26 (57) PANEL : 6 (13)			

# **NOISE CRITERION CURVES**

# PLA-RP100BA3

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	40	
Medium1	37	•
Medium2	34	4
Low	32	-

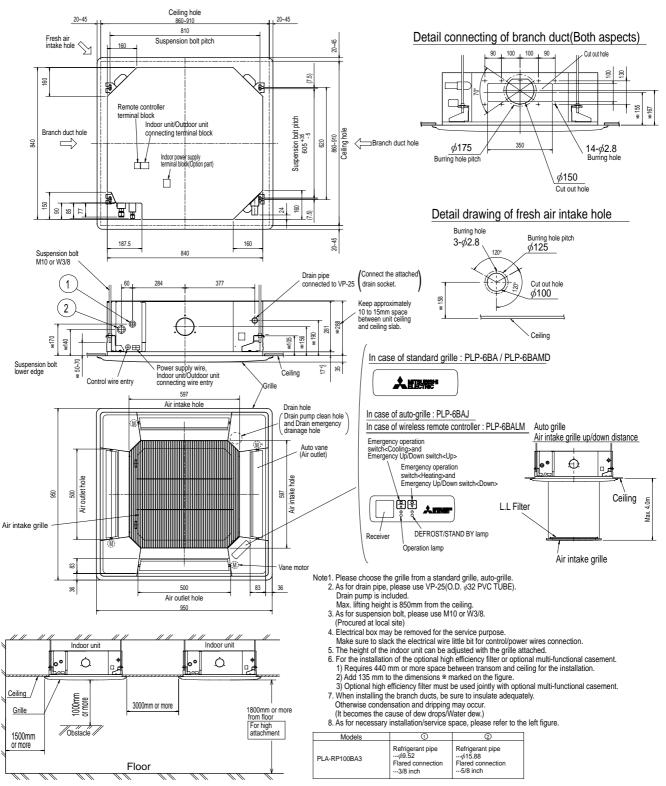




# **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

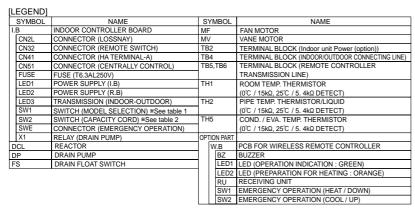
# PLA-RP100BA3

Unit: mm



# WIRING DIAGRAM

# PLA-RP100BA3

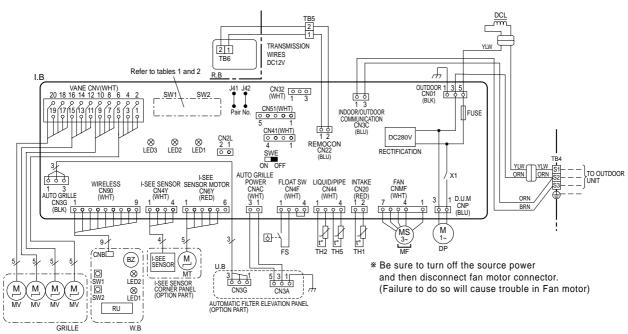


<Table 1> SW1 (MODEL SELECTION) 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF PLA-RP100BA3

<Table 2> SW2 (CAPACITY CODE)

SW2			
MODELS	SETTING		
PLA-RP100BA3	1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF		

The black square (**•**) indicates a switch position.



- 1.Symbols used in wiring diagram above are, ooo: Connector, :: Terminal (block).

2. Indoor and outdoor connecting wires have polarities, make sure to match terminal numbers (S1, S2, S3) for correct wirings.

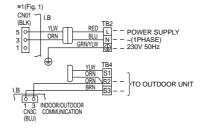
3. Since the outdoor side electric wiring may change, be sure to check the outdoor unit electric wiring diagram for servicing.

4. This diagram shows the wiring of indoor and outdoor connecting wires (specification of 230V), adopting superimposed system for nower and sinnal.

- power and signal. \*1:If indoor and outdoor units have separate power supplies,
- refer to Fig 1.

  \*2:For power supply system of this unit, refer to the caution label located near this diagram.

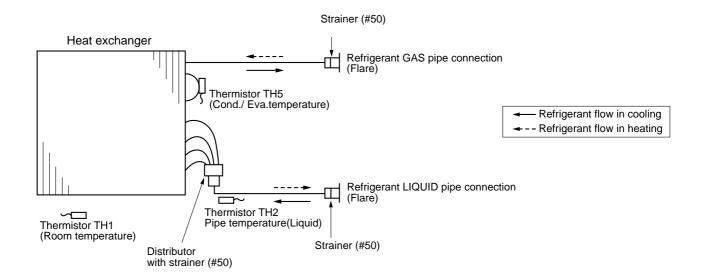
Please set the voltage using the remote controller. For the setting method, please refer to the indoor unit Installation Manual.



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# **REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM**

# PLA-RP100BA3



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# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

# 10-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

# <Error code display by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past error codes are logged and displayed on the wired remote controller or controller board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service and the trouble reoccurrence at field are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Error code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reoccurring.	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "10-3. Self-diagnosis action table".
	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "10-4. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena".
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	<ol> <li>Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise and etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring and etc.</li> <li>Reset error code logs and restart the unit after finishing service.</li> <li>There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller and etc.</li> </ol>
	Not logged	<ol> <li>Re-check the abnormal symptom.</li> <li>Conduct trouble shooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "10-4. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena".</li> <li>Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained.</li> <li>There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller and etc.</li> </ol>

## 10-2. MALFUNCTION-DIAGNOSIS METHOD BY REMOTE CONTROLLER

## <In case of trouble during operation>

When a malfunction occurs to air conditioner, both indoor unit and outdoor unit will stop and operation lamp blinks to inform unusual stop.

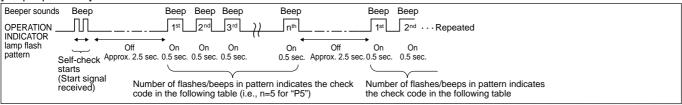
## <Malfunction-diagnosis method at maintenance service>

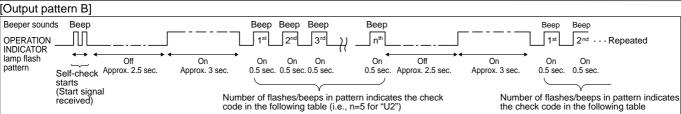
#### Refrigerant address display A MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CHECK 88 CHECK display Temperature button # TEMP ON/OFF . (lacksquare)ON/OFF AUTO STOP FAN 35 ⊕ → O MODE VANE HOUR ⊕ → | 个 button CHECK LOUVER h 200 CHECK TEST RUN min RESET CLOCK ← ◆

#### [Procedure]

- 1. Press the CHECK button twice.
- "CHECK" lights, and refrigerant address "00" flashes.
- Check that the remote controller's display has stopped before continuing.
- 2. Press the temperature () • Select the refrigerant address of the indoor unit for the self-diagnosis. buttons.
  - Note: Set refrigerant address using the outdoor unit's DIP switch (SW1). (For more information, see the outdoor unit installation manual.)
- 3. Point the remote controller at the If an air conditioner error occurs, the sensor on the indoor unit and press the HOUR button.
  - indoor unit's sensor emits an intermittent buzzer sound, the operation light flashes, and the error code is output.
  - (It takes 3 seconds at most for error code to appear.)
- 4. Point the remote controller at the The check mode is cancelled. sensor on the indoor unit and press the ON/OFF button.

#### Refer to the following tables for details on the check codes. [Output pattern A]





#### [Output pattern A] Errors detected by indoor unit

	Laurence Communication Communi		
Wireless remote controller	Wired remote controller		
Beeper sounds/OPERATION	Check code	Symptom	Remark
INDICATOR lamp flashes (Number of times)	Check code		
(Number of times)			
1	P1	Intake sensor error	
2	P2	Pipe (TH2) sensor error	
	P9	Pipe (TH5) sensor error	
3	E6,E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error	
4	P4	Drain sensor error/Float switch connector (CN4F) open	
5	P5	Drain pump error	
PA		Forced compressor stop (due to water leakage abnormality)	
6	P6	Freezing/Overheating protection operation	
7	EE	Communication error between indoor and outdoor units	
8	P8	Pipe temperature error	
9	E4, E5	Remote controller signal receiving error	
10	_	-	
11	-	-	
12	Fb	Indoor unit control system error (memory error, etc.)	
_	E0, E3	Remote controller transmission error	
_	E1, E2	Remote controller control board error	

#### [Output pattern B] Errors detected by unit other than indoor unit (outdoor unit, etc.)

Wireless remote controller  Beeper sounds/OPERATION INDICATOR lamp flashes (Number of times)	Wired remote controller Check code	Symptom	Remark
1	E9	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)	
2	UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption	
3	U3,U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors	For details, shoot
4	UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked)	For details, check the LED display
5	U2	Abnormal high discharging temperature/49C worked/ insufficient refrigerant	of the outdoor controller board.
6	U1,Ud	Abnormal high pressure (63H worked)/Overheating protection operation	As for outdoor unit, refer to
7	U5	Abnormal temperature of heat sink	outdoor unit's
8	U8	Outdoor unit fan protection stop	service manual.
9	U6	Compressor overcurrent interruption/Abnormal of power module	
10	U7	Abnormality of super heat due to low discharge temperature	
11	U9,UH	Abnormality such as overvoltage or voltage shortage and abnormal synchronous signal to main circuit/Current sensor error	
12	_	-	
13	_	-	
14	Others	Other errors (Refer to the technical manual for the outdoor unit.)	

<sup>\*1</sup> If the beeper does not sound again after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received and the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp does not come on, there are no error records.

<sup>\*2</sup> If the beeper sounds 3 times continuously "beep, beep, beep (0.4 + 0.4 + 0.4 sec.)" after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received, the specified refrigerant address is incorrect.
• On wireless remote controller

The continuous buzzer sounds from receiving section of indoor unit. Blink of operation lamp

On wired remote controller Check code displayed in the LCD.

- On wireless remote controller The continuous buzzer sounds from receiving section of indoor unit. Blink of operation lamp
- On wired remote controller Check code displayed in the LCD.
- If the unit cannot be operated properly after test run, refer to the following table to find the cause.

Symptom			Cause
Wired remote controller		LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	Cause
PLEASE WAIT	For about 2 minutes after power-on	After LED 1, 2 are lighted, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lighted. (Correct operation)	•For about 2 minutes following power-on,operation of the remote controller is not possible due to system start-up. (Correct operation)
PLEASE WAIT → Error code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lighted. → LED 1, 2 blink.	Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3)
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on	Only LED 1 is lighted. →  LED 1 blinks twice,  LED 2 blinks once.	Incorrect wiring between indoor and outdoor units (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3)     Remote controller wire short

On the wireless remote controller with condition above, following phenomena take place.

- No signals from the remote controller can be received.
  Operation lamp is blinking.
- The buzzer makes a short ping sound.

#### Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the indoor controller, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microcomputer)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller.  This LED lights only in the case of the indoor unit which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between indoor and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the indoor and outdoor units.  Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

10-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the details of display such as F, U, and other E.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P1	Room temperature thermistor (TH1)  ① The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation. Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	Defective thermistor characteristics     Contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure)     Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring     Defective indoor controller board  Defective thermistor	①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor.  ①'C 15.0kΩ  10°C 9.6kΩ  20°C 6.3kΩ  30°C 4.3kΩ  40°C 3.0kΩ  If you put force on (draw or bend) the lead wire while measuring resistance value of thermistor, breaking of wire or contact failure can be detected. ② Check contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 10-7. Turn the power on again and recheck operation after inserting connector again. ④ Check room temperature display on remote controller.  Replace indoor controller board if there is abnormal difference with actual room temperature.  Turn the power off, and on again to operate after checking.  ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor.
P2	(TH2)  ① The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating (except defrosting) operation Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	characteristics ② Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) ③ Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring ④ Defective refrigerant circuit is causing thermistor temperature of 90°C or more or -40°C or less. ⑤ Defective indoor controller board	For characteristics, refer to (P1) above.  ② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 10-7. Turn the power on and recheck operation after inserting connector again.  ④ Check pipe <li>liquid&gt; temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If pipe <li>liquid&gt; temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defects.  ⑤ Check pipe <li>liquid&gt; temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If there is extremely difference with actual pipe <li>liquid&gt; temperature, replace indoor controller board.  Turn the power off, and on again to operate after checking.</li></li></li></li>
P4	Contact failure of drain float switch (CN4F)  • Extract when the connector of drain float switch is disconnected.  (③ and ④ of connector CN4F is not short-circuited.)  • Constantly detected during operation	Contact failure of connector (Insert failure)      Defective indoor controller board	Check contact failure of float switch connector. Turn the power on again and check after inserting connector again.     Operate with connector (CN4F) short-circuited.     Replace indoor controller board if abnormality reappears.
P5	Drain over flow protection operation  When the drain float switch senses underwater condition for 1 minute and 30 seconds continuously while the drain pump is on, abnormality detection will be deferred and indoor fan will be turned off.  Drain pump malfunction if above condition is detected during deferred abnormality detection.  Constantly detected during drain pump operation	Malfunction of drain pump     Defective drain     Clogged drain pump     Clogged drain pipe     Defective drain float switch     Jamming of the drain float     switch or malfunction of moving parts causing the drain float     switch to be detected under     water (Switch On)     Defective indoor-controller     board	Check if drain pump works.     Check drain function.      Remove drain float switch connector CN4F and check if it is short (Switch On) with the moving part of float switch UP, or OPEN with the moving part of float switch down.     Replace float switch if it is short with the moving part of float switch down.     Replace indoor controller board if it is short-circuited between 3-4 of the drain float switch connector CN4F and abnormality reappears.  It is not abnormal if there is no problem about the above-mentioned Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Freezing/overheating protection is working  ① Freezing protection (Cooling mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe <li>quiquid or condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature stays under -15°C for 3 minutes, 3 minutes after the compressor started. Abnormal if it stays under -15°C for 3 minutes again within 16 minutes after 6-minute resume prevention mode.</li>	(Cooling or drying mode) (Cooling or drying mode) (Clogged filter (reduced airflow) (Clogged filter (reduced airflow) (Clogged filter (reduced airflow) (Clogged filter (reduced airflow) (Clogged filter) (Clogg	(Cooling or drying mode) ① Check clogs of the filter. ② Remove the blockage.  ④ Refer to 10-6.
P6	② Overheating protection (Heating mode) The units is in 6 minute resume prevention mode if pipe <li>quid or condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature is detected as over 70°C after the compressor started. Abnormal if the temperature of over 70°C is detected again within 30 minutes after 6 minute resume prevention mode.</li>	<ul> <li>⑤ Defective outdoor fan control</li> <li>⑥ Overcharge of refrigerant</li> <li>⑦ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)</li> <li>(Heating mode)</li> <li>① Clogged filter (reduced airflow)</li> <li>② Short cycle of air path</li> <li>③ Over-load (high temperature) operation out of the tolerance range</li> <li>④ Defective indoor fan motor</li> <li>• Fan motor is defective.</li> <li>• Indoor controller board is defective.</li> <li>⑤ Defective outdoor fan control</li> <li>⑥ Overcharge of refrigerant</li> <li>⑦ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)</li> <li>⑧ Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>⑤ Check outdoor fan motor.</li> <li>⑥ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>(Heating mode)</li> <li>① Check clogs of the filter.</li> <li>② Remove the blockage.</li> <li>④ Refer to 10-6.</li> <li>⑤ Check outdoor fan motor.</li> <li>⑥ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.</li> </ul>
P8	Pipe temperature <cooling mode=""> Detected as abnormal when the pipe temperature is not in the cooling range 3 minutes after compressor start and 6 minutes after the liquid or condenser/evaporator pipe is out of cooling range.  Note 1) It takes at least 9 minutes to detect.  Note 2) Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode.  Cooling range: -3 °C ≧ (TH-TH1)  TH: Lower temperature between: liquid pipe temperature (TH2) and condenser/evaporator temperature (TH5)  TH1: Intake temperature  <heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/evaporator pipe temperature is not in heating range within 20 minutes.  Note 3) It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality.  Note 4) It excludes the period of defrosting. (Detection restarts when defrosting mode is over.)  Heating range: 3 °C ≦ (TH5-TH1)</heating></cooling>	Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature thermistor     Shortage of refrigerant     Disconnected holder of pipe <li>quid or condenser/evaporator&gt; thermistor     Defective refrigerant circuit     Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection)     Converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection)     Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor     Stop valve is not opened completely.</condenser></li></liquid>	Check pipe <li>quid or condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board.  Pipe <li>quiquid or condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature display is indicated by setting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board as follows.  Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)'.  Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.</li></li>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P9	Pipe temperature thermistor/ Condenser-Evaporator (TH5)  ① The unit is in 3-minute resume protection mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not get back to normal within 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation (except defrosting) Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	Defective thermistor characteristics     Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure)     Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring     Temperature of thermistor is 90°C or more or -40°C or less caused by defective refrigerant circuit.     Defective indoor controller board	<ul> <li>①—③ Check resistance value of thermistor.         For characteristics, refer to (P1) above.</li> <li>② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board.         Refer to 10-7.         Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again.</li> <li>④ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor controller circuit board. If pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defect.</condenser></condenser></li> <li>⑤ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor control circuit board. If there is extreme difference with actual pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature, replace indoor controller board.         There is no abnormality if none of above comes within the unit.         Turn the power off and on again to operate.         In case of checking pipe temperature with outdoor controller circuit board, be sure to connect A-control service tool (PAC-SK52ST).</condenser></condenser></li> </ul>
E0 or E4	Remote controller transmission error(E0)/signal receiving error(E4)  ① Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Error code: E0)  ② Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Error code: E0)  ① Abnormal if indoor controller board can not receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Error code: E4) ② Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Error code: E4)	Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller     All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board.      Miswiring of remote controller     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller or remote controller     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant addresses "0".      Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller.	① Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller. ② Set one of the remote controllers "main" if there is no problem with the action above. ③ Check wiring of remote controller. • Total wiring length: max. 500m (Do not use cable x 3 or more.) • The number of connecting indoor units: max. 16 units • The number of connecting remote controller: max. 2 units  When it is not the above-mentioned problem of ①~③ ④ Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, Remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.  * If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal.
E3 or E5	Remote controller transmission error(E3)/signal receiving error(E5)  ① Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Error code: E3) ② Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time and compares the received and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3)  ① Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5) ② Indoor controller board receives transmitted data at the same time and compares the received and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Error code: E5)	2 remote controllers are set as "main."     (In case of 2 remote controllers)     Remote controller is connected with 2 indoor units or more.     Repetition of refrigerant address     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller.	Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub.      Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit.     The address changes to a separate setting.      Diagnose remote controller.     When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem.     Turn the power off,and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board.     When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller.     When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
<b>E</b> 6	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error)  ① Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. ② Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes. ③ Consider the unit abnormal under the following condition: When 2 or more indoor units are connected to an outdoor unit, indoor controller board cannot receive a signal for 3 minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals.	Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Noise has entered into indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	* Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST) Refer to outdoor unit service manual.  ① Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit or outdoor unit. Check all the units in case of twin triple indoor unit system.  ②-④ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board.  * Other indoor controller board may have defect in case of twin triple indoor unit system.
<b>E</b> 7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if "1" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though indoor controller board has transmitted "0".	Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board     Noise has entered into power supply.     Noise has entered into outdoor control wire.	Turn the power off, and on again to check.     If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.
Fb	Indoor controller board Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the indoor controller board.	Defective indoor controller board	① Replace indoor controller board.
E1 or E2	Remote controller control board  ① Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Error code: E1)  ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Error code: E2)	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.
PA	Forced compressor stop (due to water leakage abnormality)  ① The unit has a water leakage abnormality when the following conditions, a) and b), are satisfied while the abovementioned detection is performed.  a) The intake temperature subtracted with liquid pipe temperature detects to be less than -10°C for a total of 30 minutes. (When the drain sensor is detected to be NOT soaked in the water, the detection record of a) and b) will be cleared.)  b) Drain float switch detects to be in the water for more than 15 minutes.  *Once the water leakage abnormality is detected, abnormality state will not be released until the main power is reset.	<ol> <li>Drain pump trouble</li> <li>Drain defective         <ul> <li>Drain pump clogging</li> <li>Drain pipe clogging</li> </ul> </li> <li>Open circuit of float switch</li> <li>Contact failure of float switch connector</li> <li>Dew condensation on float switch         <ul> <li>Drain water descends along lead wire.</li> <li>Drain water waving due to filter clogging.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Extension piping connection difference at twin, triple, quadruple system.</li> <li>Miswiring of indoor/ outdoor connecting at twin, triple, quadruple system.</li> <li>Room temperature thermistor/ liquid pipe temperature thermistor detection is defective.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the drain pump.</li> <li>Check whether water can be drained.</li> <li>Check the resistance of the float switch.</li> <li>Check the connector contact failure.</li> <li>Check the float switch leadwire mounted. Check the filter clogging.</li> <li>Check the piping connection.</li> <li>Check the indoor/outdoor connecting wires.</li> <li>Check the room temperature display of remote controller. Check the indoor liquid pipe temperature display of outdoor controller board.</li> </ol>

# 10-4. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the detail of remote controller.

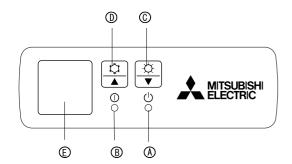
Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure
		Countermeasure
(1)LED2 on indoor controller board is off.	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also off.     Power supply of rated voltage is not supplied to outdoor unit.      Defective outdoor controller circuit board	<ul> <li>① Check the voltage of outdoor power supply terminal block (L, N) or (L<sub>3</sub>, N).</li> <li>• When AC 220~240V is not detected, check the power wiring to outdoor unit and the breaker.</li> <li>• When AC 220~240V is detected, check ② (below).</li> <li>② Check the voltage between outdoor terminal block S1 and S2.</li> <li>• When AC 220~240V is not detected,</li> </ul>
	③ Power supply of 220~240V is not supplied to indoor unit.	—check the fuse on outdoor controller circuit board. —check the wiring connection. • When AC 220~240V is detected, check ③ (below). ③ Check the voltage between indoor terminal block S1 and S2. • When AC 220~240V is not detected, check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for miswiring. • When AC 220~240V is detected,
	Defective indoor controller board	check ( (below).  ( ) Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem are found, indoor controller board is defective.
	(For the separate indoor/outdoor unit power sup-	
	ply system)  ① Power supply of 220~240V AC is not supplied to indoor unit.	<ul> <li>① Check the voltage of indoor power supply terminal block (L,N).</li> <li>• When AC220~240V is not detected, check the power supply wiring.</li> </ul>
	② The connectors of the optional replacement kit are not used.	When AC220~240V is detected, check ② (below).  Check that there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors.  When there are problems in the method of connecting the connectors, connect the connector correctly referring to installation manual of an optional
	③ Defective indoor controller board	kit.  • When there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors, check ③ (below).  ③ Check the fuse on indoor controller board.  Check the wiring connection.  If no problem are found, indoor controller board is defective.
	When LED1 on indoor controller board is lit.     Mis-setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit (There is no unit corresponding to refrigerant address "0".)	Check again the setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit.     Set the refrigerant address to "0".     (For grouping control system under which 2 or more outdoor units are
		connected, set one of the units to "0".) Set refrigerant address using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the detail of remote controller.

	controller.			
Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure		
(2)LED2 on indoor controller board is blinking.	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also blinking. Connection failure of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire	Check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for connection failure.		
	When LED1 is lit.     Miswiring of remote controller wires     Under twin triple indoor unit system, 2 or more indoor units are wired together.	① Check the connection of remote controller wires in case of twin triple indoor unit system. When 2 or more indoor units are wired in one refrigerant system, connect remote controller wires to one of those units.		
	② Refrigerant address for outdoor unit is wrong or not set. Under grouping control system, there are some units whose refrigerant address is 0.	② Check the setting of refrigerant address in case of grouping control system.  If there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0 in one group, set one of the units to 0 using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.		
	Short-cut of remote controller wires     Defective remote controller	Remove remote controller wires and check LED2 on indoor controller board.     When LED2 is blinking, check the short-circuit of remote controller wires.     When LED2 is lit, connect remote controller wires again and: if LED2 is blinking, remote controller is defective; if LED2 is lit, connection failure of remote controller terminal block etc. has returned to normal.		
(3)Upward/downward vane performance failure	The vane is not downward during defrosting and heat preparation and when the thermostat is OFF in HEAT mode. (Working of COOL protection function)      Vane motor does not rotate.     Defective vane motor     Breaking of wire or connection failure of connector      Upward/downward vane does not work.     The vane is set to fixed position.	<ul> <li>① Normal operation (The vane is set to horizontal regardless of remote control.)</li> <li>② Check ② (left).</li> <li>• Check the vane motor. (Refer to "How to check the parts".)</li> <li>• Check for breaking of wire or connection failure of connector.</li> <li>③ Normal operation (Each connector on vane motor side is disconnected or setting the fixed vanes by wired remote controller.)</li> </ul>		
(4)Receiver for wireless remote controller	Weak batteries of wireless remote controller.      Contact failure of connector (CNB) on wireless remote controller board (Insert failure)      Contact failure of connector (CN90) on indoor controller board (Insert failure)      Contact failure of connector between wireless remote controller board and indoor controller board	① Replace batteries of wireless remote controller. ②~④  Check contact failure of each connector. If no problems are found of connector, replace indoor controller board.  When the same trouble occurs even if indoor controller board is replaced, replace wireless remote controller board.		

# 10-5. EMERGENCY OPERATION

#### 10-5-1. When wireless remote controller fails or its battery is exhausted



# When the remote controller cannot be used

When the batteries of the remote controller run out or the remote controller malfunctions, the emergency operation can be done using the emergency buttons on the grille.

- **(A)** DEFROST/STAND BY lamp
- ® Operation lamp
- © Emergency operation switch (heating)
- © Receiver

#### Starting operation

- To operate the cooling mode, press the \$\sigma\$ button \$\mathbb{0}\$ for more than 2 seconds
- To operate the heating mode, press the button for more than 2 seconds.
- \* Lighting of the Operation lamp ® means the start of operation.

#### Details of EMERGENCY MODE are as shown below.

Operation mode	COOL	HEAT	
Set temperature	24°C	24°C	
Fan speed	High	High	
Air ow direction	Horizontal	Downward 5	

#### Stopping operation

• To stop operation, press the ♥ button ⑩ or the ♥ button ℂ.

#### 10-5-2. When wired remote controller or indoor unit microcomputer fails

- 1. When the wired remote control or the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, but all other components work properly, if you set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board ON, the indoor unit will begin Emergency Operation. When Emergency Operation is activated, the indoor unit operates as follows:
  - (1) Indoor fan is running at high speed. (2) Drain pump is working.
- \* Note on the wireless remote control
- When the remote control does not function, it is possible to activate.

Emergency Operation by using the indoor unit Emergency operation switch (SW1, SW2 of the wireless signal receiver board).

However, if the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, it is necessary to proceed with points 2 and 3 below as in the case of the wired remote control.

2. When you activate Emergency operation of the cooling or heating, you have to set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board and activate Emergency operation of the outdoor unit.

For details on how to activate Emergency operation of the outdoor unit, refer to the outdoor unit wiring diagram.

Note: Emergency operation will not work unless outdoor unit is PU series.

- 3. Before you activate Emergency operation, check the following points:
- (1) Emergency operation cannot be activated when:
  - the outdoor unit malfunctions. the indoor fan malfunctions.
  - when it has detected the malfunction of drain-up machine during self-diagnosing.
- (2) Emergency operation becomes continuous only by switching the power source on/off.

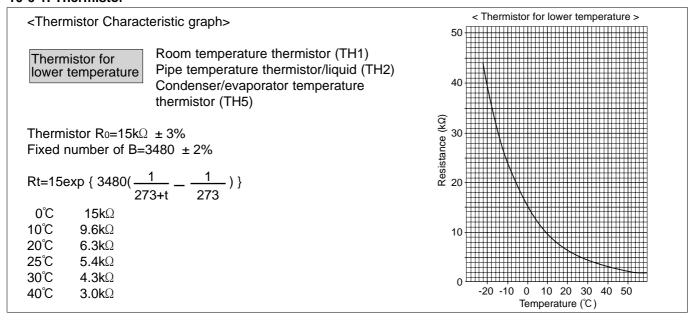
ON/OFF on the remote control or temperature control etc. does not function.

- (3) Avoid operating for a long time when the outdoor unit begins defrosting while Emergency operation of the heating is activated, because it will start to blow cold air.
- (4) Emergency cooling should be limited to 10 hours maximum (The indoor unit heat exchanger may freeze).
- (5) After Emergency operation has been deactivated, set the switches etc. to their original positions.
- (6) Movement of the vanes does not work in Emergency operation, therefore you have to slowly set them manually to the appropriate position.

# 10-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PLA-RP100BA3

Parts name	Check points						
Room temperature thermistor (TH1)	Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a tester. (At the ambient temperature of $10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ )						
Pipe temperature thermistor/liquid(TH2)	Normal Abnormal			7			
Condenser/Evaporator	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ	Open or s		(Refer to the thermistor.)			
temperature thermistor (TH5)		·					
Vane motor (MV)	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (At the ambient temperature of $20^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ )						
Willie _	C	Connector		Norn	Normal Abnormal		rmal
Orange 9	Red - Yellow (⑤	)-3, 10-8, 15-13,	<b>20-18)</b>				
Red	Red - Blue (⑤	)-(1), (10)-(6), (15)-(11),	<b>@-</b> 16)	200		Open o	r chart
Blue Yellow	Red - Orange (5	)-4, 10-9, 15-14,	@-19)	300	152	Орен о	SHOIL
	Red - White (5	)-2, 10-7, 15-12,	@-⑰)				
Drain pump (DP)	Measure the resistar (Winding temperatur		terminal	s with a tester.			
YLW 1	Normal	Abnorm	nal				
YLW 3	290 Ω	Open or s					
Drain float switch (FS)  Moving part  1 2 3 4	Measure the resistar  State of moving part  UP  DOWN	Normal Short Open	terminai	Abnormal Other than short Other than open		Switch Magni	et
i-see sensor (Option)  4 3 2 1  4 3 2 1  Blue Black Pink Brown	Turn on the indoor unit with the black plastic tape on the outside of i-see sensor controller board.  With electricity being turned on, measure the power voltage between connectors wisee sensor rotates and pull out the connector of motor for i-see sensor.  Do not disassemble corner powith i-see sensor.  i-see sensor (At the ambient temperature of 10°C ~40°C)  i-see sensor connector  Normal  ②(-)—④(+)  DC 1.857V ~ 3.132V  Other than the normal				connectors with to or. emble corner panel sor.		
	NOTE : Be careful	not to discharge	e static e	ectricity into elec	tronics.		
Vane motor for i-see sensor (Option)	Measure the resista (At the ambient tem	perature of 20°C	~30°C)				
White —	Connector	Normal		Abnorma	al		
Orange Red Blue Yellow	Red - Yellow Red - Blue Red - Orange Red - White	250 Ω		Open or sh	ort		

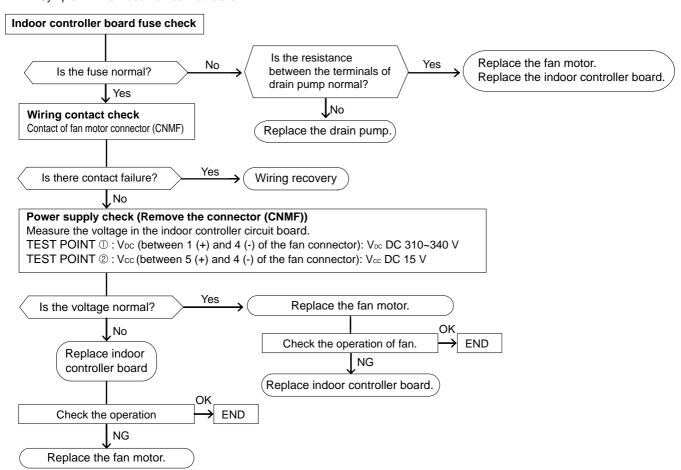
#### 10-6-1. Thermistor



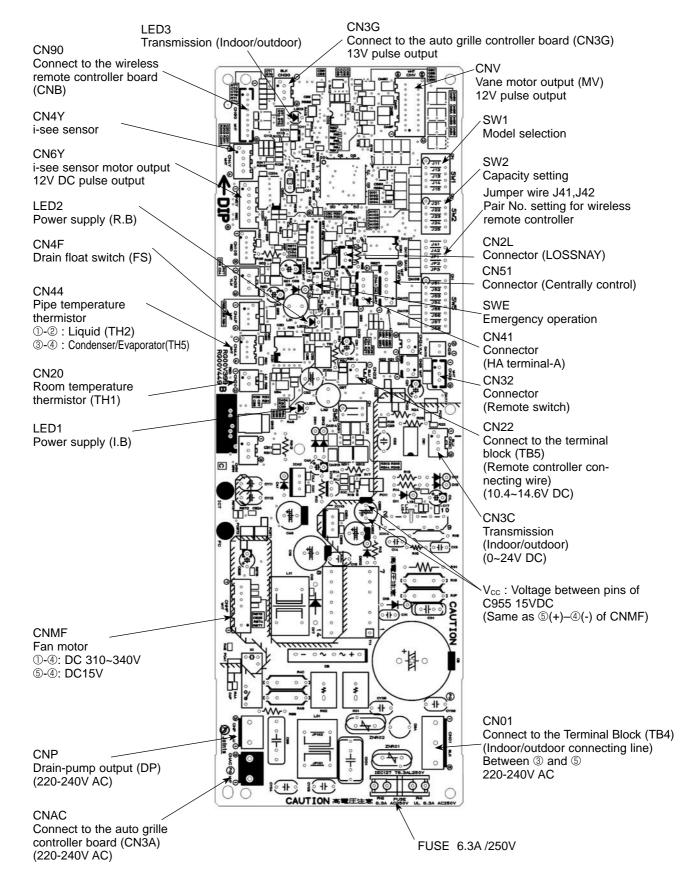
#### 10-6-2. DC Fan motor (FAN MOTOR/INDOOR CONTROLLER BOARD)

#### Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor / indoor controller circuit board)

- ① Notes
  - · High voltage is applied to the connector (CNMF) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
  - Do not pull out the connector (CNMF) for the motor with the power supply on.
  - (It causes trouble of the indoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- ② Self check
- Symptom: The indoor fan cannot rotate.



# 10-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM Indoor controller board PLA-RP100BA3



# 10-8. FUNCTIONS OF DIP SWITCH AND JUMPER WIRE

Each function is controlled by the dip switch and the jumper wire on control P.C. board. SW1 and SW2 are equipped only for service parts.

Model setting and capacity setting are memorized in the nonvolatile memory of the control P.C. board of the unit.

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

(Marks in the table below)  $\quad$  Jumper wire  $\quad$  ( $\bigcirc$ : Short  $\quad$   $\times$ : Open)

	<u> </u>	(Marks in the t	Table below) Sumper wire ( : Short × : Open)
Jumper wire	Functions	Setting by the dip switch and jumper wire	Remarks
SW1	Model settings	MODELS SETTING PLA-RP100BA3 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	
SW2	Capacity settings	MODELS SETTING  PLA-RP100BA3 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	
J41 J42	Pair number setting with wireless remote controller	Wireless remote controller setting  0	<initial setting=""> Wireless remote controller: 0 Control PCB: ○ (for both J41 and J42) 4 pair number settings are supported. The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor control PCB (J41/J42) are given in the table on the left. ('×' in the table indicates the jumper wire is disconnected.)</initial>
JP1	Unit type setting	Model JP1 Without TH5 O With TH5 ×	There is no jumper (JP1) because these models have the cond./eva. temperature thermistor (TH5).
JP3	Indoor controller board type setting	Indoor controller board type JP3 For product  Service parts	

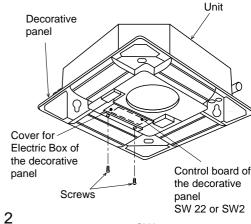
# **SPECIAL FUNCTION**

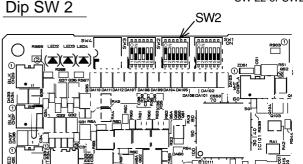
## 11-1. HOW TO PERFORM THE UP/DOWN OPERATION OF THE AIR INTAKE GRILLE

## 11-1-1. Setting up the lowering distance of air intake grille

You can set up 8 different stages of lowering distance for the air intake grille according to the set up location if desired.

- \* As a factory default, the decorative panel will automatically stop at 1.6 m from the ceiling level. The distance is a rough indication, check by actually lowering it.
- 1) Take the cover off the electric box of the decorative panel. (2 screws)
- Set up the dip switches of SW22 or SW2 on the control board of the decorative panel as followed.



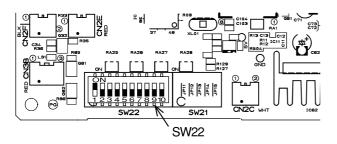


The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

	. ,			
Lowering distance (Rough indication of the ceiling height)	SW2 (Lowering distance)	Lowering distance (Rough indication of the ceiling height)	SW2 (Lowering distance)	
1.2m (~ 2.4m)	ON 0FF 123456	1.6m (2.4m ~ 2.8m)	Initial setting ON OFF 123456	
2.0m (2.8m ~ 3.2m)	ON 0FF 123456	2.4m (3.2m ~ 3.6m)	ON 0FF 123456	
2.8m (3.6m ~ 4.0m)	ON 0FF 123456	3.2m (4.0m ~ 4.4m)	ON 0FF 123456	
3.6m (4.4m ~ 4.8m)	ON 0FF 123456	4.0m (4.8m ~ 5.2m)	ON 0FF 123456	
* Airflow outreach distance is different depending on indoor units				

and air volume (ceiling height), so airflow may not reach the indicated ceiling height as shown in the above table.

# Dip SW 22



The black square ( ) indicates a switch position.

e siaen equale (2) mareates a emici pecinem						
Lowering distance (Rough indication of the ceiling height)	(Lowering distance)	Lowering distance (Rough indication of the ceiling height)	SW22 (Lowering distance)			
1.2m (~ 2.4m)	ON 12345678910	1.6m (2.4m ~ 2.8m)	Initial setting ON 12345678910			
2.0m (2.8m ~ 3.2m)	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	2.4m (3.2m ~ 3.6m)	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10			
2.8m (3.6m ~ 4.0m)	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	3.2m (4.0m ~ 4.4m)	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10			
3.6m (4.4m ~ 4.8m)	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	4.0m (4.8m ~ 5.2m)	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10			

<sup>\*</sup> Airflow outreach distance is different depending on indoor units and air volume (ceiling height), so airflow may not reach the indicated ceiling height as shown in the above table.

3) Put the cover back on the electric box of the decorarive panel.

# 11-1-2. How to perform the up/down operation using wireless remote controller

1) Ensure that the air-conditioner is not running.

- 2) Press the "Down" button to lower the air intake grille.
  - \* By default, the air intake grille will automatically stop at a lowering distance of 1.6 m from the ceiling level. The distance can be changed to 1.2 m, 2.0 m, 2.4 m, 2.8 m, 3.2 m, 3.6 m and 4.0 m. These should be used only as a guide. You should lower the air intake grille yourself to check the exact distance.

/ Warning:

- \* When you want to stop the air intake grille while it is lowering, press the "Stop" or "Up" button on the remote controller to stop at that position.
- 3) Remove the filter or air intake grille and clean them.
- 4) Press the "Up" button on the remote controller to put the air intake grille in place.
  - \* If the air intake grille is not placed in the correct position at a time, the operation is automatically retried.
  - \* When you want to stop the air intake grille while it is rising, press the "Stop" or "Down" button on the remote controller to stop at that position.



Wireless remote controller for Automatic Filter Elevation Panel

Ensure that the air-conditioner is not running.

· Otherwise, it may cause an injury or a failure.

## 11-1-3. How to perform the up/down operation using wired remote controller (PAR-21MAA)

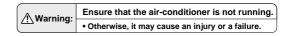
#### ■ General Operation

\* Raise or lower all the air intake grilles managed by the remote controller at the same time.

Install the remote controller in a place where you can observe all the air-conditioners. Otherwise, the lowering grille may make contact with something and cause damage to it.

#### 1) Ensure that the air-conditioner is not running.

\* The up/down operation mode is only available when the air-conditioner is "OFF".

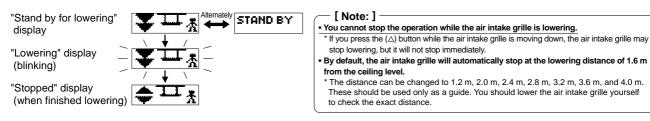


# 2) Press both the "FILTER" and "Ventilation" buttons simultaneously for 2 seconds or more to enter the up/down operation mode.

"Up/down operation mode" display

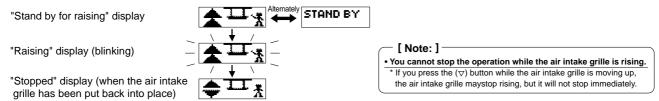


#### 3) Press the TEMP. (▽) button. After a while, the air intake grille will begin lowering.

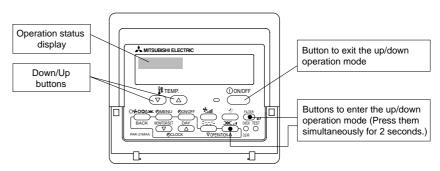


#### 4) Remove the filter and/or air intake grille to clean them.

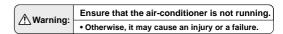
5) Press the TEMP. (△) button. After a while, the air intake grille will begin to rise and then be put back into place.



- 6) Exit the up/down mode either by pressing the "ON/OFF" button or by pressing both the "FILTER" and "Ventilation" buttons simultaneously for 2 seconds or more.
  - \* After exiting the up/down mode, wait for about 30 seconds to perform the next operation. The remote controller will not accept any operation for that period.



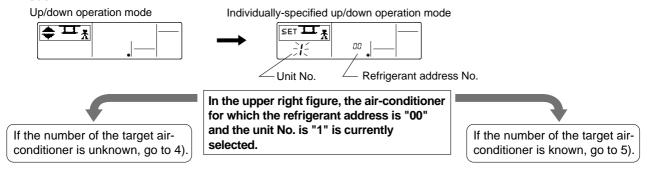
- Up/down operation with the individual specified air-conditioner (when used in combination with Mr. SLIM model)
- \* Raise or lower the air intake grille of the specific air-conditioner that you select from all that are managed by that remote controller.
- 1) Ensure that the air-conditioner is not running.
  - \* The up/down operation mode is only available when the air-conditioner is "OFF".



2) Press both the "FILTER" and "Ventilation" buttons simultaneously for 2 seconds or more to enter the up/down operation mode.



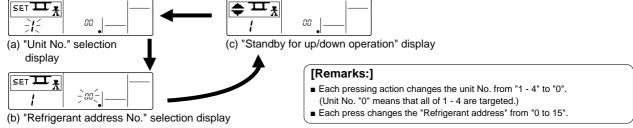
3) Press the "Ventilation" button. After a while, it will switch to the "individually-specified up/down operation mode".



- 4) If you press the "FILTER" button when the "Unit No." or "Refrigerant address No." is blinking, after a while, the up/down airflow direction of the displayed air-conditioner will be switched downward; and the airflow direction of the other vents will all be blocked.
  - In Step 5) described below, identify the target air-conditioner by changing the "Unit No." and "Refrigerant address No." and by pressing the "FILTER" button to check the up/down airflow direction.

#### [Remarks:]

- If "Err" is displayed when you press the "FILTER" button to check the target air-conditioner, the air-conditioner with that "Unit No." or "Refrigerant address" may not exist. Check and set that air-conditioner again.
- 5) Select the "Unit No." and "Refrigerant address No.".
  - "Unit No." and "Refrigerant address No." can be changed by using the "TEMP." buttons (△) (▽) when the panel displays (a) or (b).
  - Every time you press the "Mode selection" button, the target of operation will change as illustrated below.

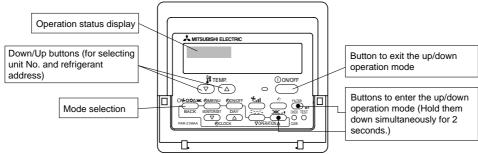


6) Continue to press the "Mode selection" button until "Waiting for up/down operation" is displayed.



"Waiting for up/down operation" display

The following steps are the same as steps 3) - 6) described in the "General Operation" section. Refer to that section.



# 11-2. OPERATION (AUTOMATIC FILTER ELEVATION PANEL: PLP-6BAJ)

## (1) Normal operation

① UP/DOWN

Air intake grille is raised/lowered by commands of UP and DOWN.

Air intake grille does not move under the state of no-load detection or obstacle detection.

Air intake grille stops automatically at the set lowering distance from the ceiling level.

#### 2 STOP

It stops in the cases below:

• When it reaches at the set lowering distance from the ceiling level.

It automatically stops after a predetermined period of lowering.

When it is stored in the panel.

The air intake grille is judged to be stored in the panel when the storage detection switch is pressed for 3 seconds continuously.

When receiving commands of STOP, DOWN while moving up or UP while moving down.

The STOP button is only available on the automatic filter elevation panel remote controller.

When the wired remote controller is used, there will be a slight delay in stopping due to transmission speed.

• When both wire 1b and 2b are not loaded.

Only the wire b in each UP/DOWN Machine has a tension detection switch.

# (2) Special operation

① Storage operation

Case: Obstruction of the raising grille before storage or malfunction of storage detection switch Storage operation will be performed when the intake grille has been raised the set distance but the storage detection switch is not engaged.

In this case, the operation below will be repeated up to 4 times.

10 cm down $\rightarrow$  30 cm up $\rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow$  10 cm down $\rightarrow$  30 cm up

② No-load detection

Case: UP/DOWN commands with no grille suspended.

When both wire 1b and wire 2b are not loaded, the wires will not move.

3 Obstacle detection

Case: Making contact with something while lowering.

Should the loads on the wire 1b and wire 2b be removed due to the grille making contact with something while lowering, the lowering operation will stop. The grille will then be raised 10 cm and stop again.

# [Emergency operation]

- When the wireless remote controller cannot be used (in the case of battery discharge, misplacing of the wireless remote controller, malfunctioning and so on), the emergency switch on the receiver can be used as an alternative.
  - \* When doing this, particular caution must be taken not to fall.

To lower the air intake grille: Press the  $\begin{bmatrix} \odot \\ \hline m{v} \end{bmatrix}$  button once.

(For emergency heating operation, press and hold this button.)

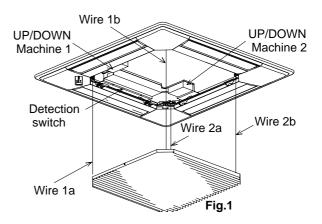
To raise the air intake grille: Press the button once.

(For emergency cooling operation, press and hold this button.)

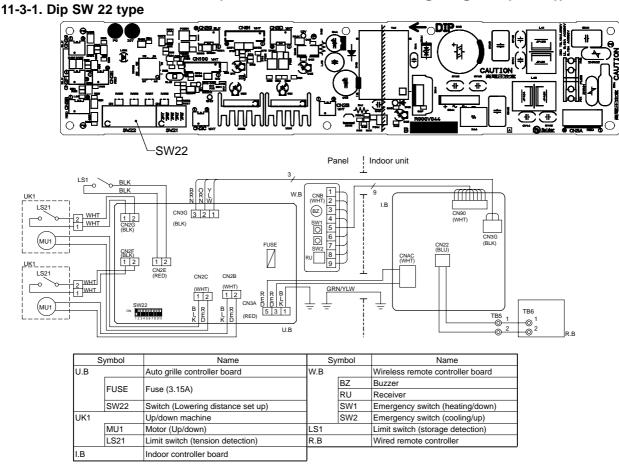
• To stop the air intake grille from moving, use the opposite buttons to those used to initiate movement.

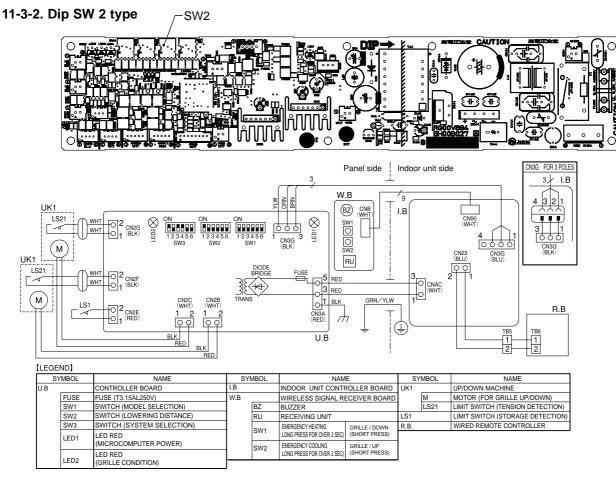
(To stop it from lowering, press the UP button; To stop it from rising, press the Down button.)

- If up/down machine is out of order, fix air intake grille temporarily and the indoor unit can be operated.
  - \* For details, refer to installation manual for the attachment of grille.



# 11-3. ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (Controller board and wiring diagram (Panel))





# 11-3-3. Check point of trouble

# <LED (SW22 type) /LED2 (SW2 type) display>

Turn OFF : No power supply

Blink : Storage detection switch ON (short)
One blink : Storage detection switch OFF (open)
Two blinks : Tension detection switch OFF (open)

# <controller board>

Check item	Check point	Normal	Remarks
Up/down controller P.C. board supply voltage	CN3A (between 3-5)	AC 198~264 V	
Up/down machine supply voltage	CN2B, CN2C	11 JU. 11 Jan 1 / 1/	Check when instructing up/down with LED blinking once.

# <Up/down machine>

Check item	Check point	Normal	Check contents
Storage detection switch	CN2E	open or short	Check if it is short when pressing push switch.
Tension detection switch	CN2F, CN2G	open or short	Check if it is short when wire b is tensioned.
Motor	CN2B, CN2C	5~20 Ω	Check if it is not open or short.
Entwining wires	Pull wire	Retension: about 2 kgf	Check if wire is drawn out by pulling with 3 kgf.

# 11-4. TROUBLESHOOTING

# • Check the following points.

Problem	Possible Reason	Corrective Action	
Air intake grille does not	Air-conditioner is running.	Stop running the air-conditioner and try again.	
function with operation of the wireless remote controller.	Power failure	After recovering from power failure, try again.	
	Batteries are not inserted into the wireless remote controller. Or battery power is running low.	Insert or replace the battery.	
	There is something on the air intake grille. Or something is stuck in the air intake grille.	Remove the objects or obstacles from the air intake grille. Or, remove the stuck object.	
Air intake grille cannot be fixed in place.	There is something on the air intake grille.	Remove the objects or obstacles from the air intake grille.	
	Filter is not properly installed.	Lower the air intake grille again and check whether the filter is installed in the correct position.	
	Air intake grille is not hung with all 4 hooks.	Lower the air intake grille again and hook on the air intake grille.	
Air intake grille stops lowering. (Air intake grille would not lower any further.)	The air intake grille has finished lowering to the auto-stop position.	This is normal.	
Noises are made during up/down operation. (While air intake grille is moving up/down.)	This is the noise made when the wire is wound and unwound.	This is normal.	
Noises are made while putting the air intake grille into place.	This is the operational noise for putting the air intake grille into place.		
Air intake grille repeats rising and lowering several times while being put into place.	This is the operation for putting the air intake grille into place.	THIS IS HUITHAL.	
Air intake grille leans toward one side during the up/down operation.	The speeds of winding/unwinding wires are slightly different for each wire.		

# 11-5. ROTATION FUNCTION (AND BACK-UP FUNCTION, 2ND STAGE CUT-IN FUNCTION)

## 11-5-1. Operation

#### (1) Rotation function (and Back-up function)

#### • Outline of functions

- · Main and sub unit operate alternately according to the interval of rotation setting.
- \* Main and sub unit should be set by refrigerant address. (Outdoor Dip switch setting)

Refrigerant address"00" → Main unit

Refrigerant address"01" → Sub unit

· When error occurs to one unit, another unit will start operation.(Back-up function)

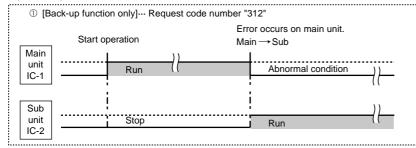
#### System constraint

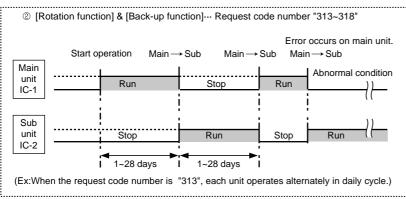
- This function is available only by the grouping control system(INDOOR UNIT : OUTDOOR UNIT=1:1) of 2 refrigerant groups.(Refer to Fig. 1)
- · Main indoor unit should be connected for wired remote controller and the transmission line(TB5) for main and sub unit should also be connected. (Refer to Fig. 1)

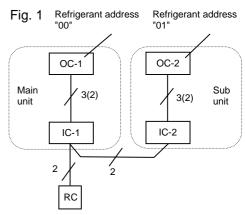
(This function cannot be set by wireless remote controller.)

· Set refrigerant address of each unit.(Dip switch on the outdoor unit---Refrigerant address 00/01)

#### Operation pattern







OC: Outdoor unit IC: Indoor unit

RC: Wired remote controller

#### Note:

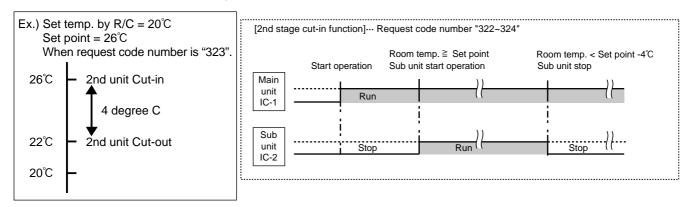
- · When the unit is restarted to operate after turning off the power or OFF operation, the unit which was operating will start operation.
- To operate the main unit, refer to the 11-5-2. and set the requet code No. which is not the same as the current one, and set again the former request code No.

#### (2) 2nd stage cut-in function Outline of functions

- · When the 1st unit can NOT supply with sufficient capacity for exceptionally high-demand conditions and the actual room temperature reaches set point \*, the 2nd unit starts operation in conjunction with the 1st unit.
- Once the actual room temperature goes down to 4degrees C below set point \*, the 2nd unit stops operation automatically. (\* set point = set temperature by R/C (remote controller) + 4, 6, 8°C (selectable) )
- · Number of operating units is determined according to the room temperature and set point.
- · When room temperature becomes higher than set point, standby unit starts.(2 units operation)
- · When room temperature falls below set point -4°C, standby unit stops.(1 unit operation)

## System constraint

· This function is available only in cooling mode.



# 11-5-2. How to set rotation function(Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)

You can set these functions by wired remote controller. (Maintenance monitor)

#### NOTE

Both main and sub unit should be set in same setting.

Every time replacing indoor controller board for servicing, the function should be set again.

# (1) Request Code List

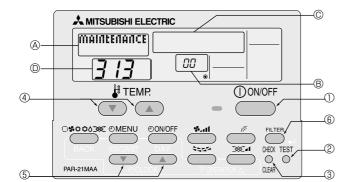
Rotation setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	Initial setting
No.1 (310)	Monitoring the request code of current setting.	
No.2 (311)	Rotation and Back-up OFF (Normal group control operation)	0
No.3 (312)	Back-up function only	
No.4 (313)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 1day) and back-up function	
No.5 (314)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 3days) and back-up function	
No.6 (315)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 5days) and back-up function	
No.7 (316)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 7days) and back-up function	
No.8 (317)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 14days) and back-up function	
No.9 (318)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 28days) and back-up function	

2nd unit cut-in setting

Zila alik bat ili botting				
Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents			
No.1 (320)	Monitoring the request code of current setting.			
No.2 (321)	Cut-in function OFF	0		
No.3 (322)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 4°C (7.2F)			
No.4 (323)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 6°C (10.8F)			
No.5 (324)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 8°C (14.4F)			

#### (2) Setting method of each function by wired remote controller



- B: Refrigerant address
- C: Data display area
- D: Request code display area

- 1. Stop operation(①).
- 2. Press the TEST button (②) for 3 seconds so that [Maintenance mode] appears on the screen (ⓐ). After a while, [00] appears in the refrigerant address number display area. (at ⓐ)
- 3. Press the CHECK button (③) for 3 seconds to switch to [Maintenance monitor].

  Note) It is not possible to switch to [Maintenance monitor] during data request in maintenance mode (i.e., while "----" is blinking) since no buttons are operative.

[----] appears on the screen (0) when [Maintenance monitor] is activated. (The display (0) now allows you to set a request code No.)

- 5. Press the [CLOCK ( and ) and ) buttons (5) to set the desired request code No. ("311~318", "321~324")
- 6. Press the FILTER button (®) to perform function setting.

  If above setting operations are done correctly, "Request code number will appear in data display area.(©)

  [Example: When the "311" of "Request code number" is set, [311] appears on the screen.(©)]

#### [Reference]

You can check current "request code number" setting by setting the "request code number" ("310" or "320") and pressing the  $\fbox{FILTER}$  button.( $\raise$ )

[Example: When the current setting is "Setting No.2 (Request code 311)", [311] appears on the screen.(©)]

7. To return to normal mode, press the (DON/OFF) button (1).

# **DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE**

# PLA-RP100BA3

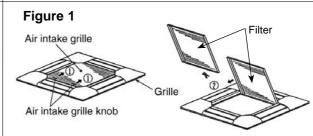
Be careful when removing heavy parts.

## **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

#### 1. Removing the air intake grille

- (1) Slide the knob of air intake grille toward the arrow ① to open the air intake grille.
- (2) Remove drop prevention hook from the panel.
- (3) Slide the shaft in the hinge to the direction of the arrow ② and remove the air intake grille.

# **PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS**



#### 2. Removing the room temperature thermistor (TH1)

- (1) Remove the air intake grille and the filter. (See Figure 1)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws from the electrical box.
- (3) Disconnect the connector CN20 (Red) from the indoor controller board.
- (4) Remove the room temperature thermistor and holder.

## 3. Removing the reactor (DCL)

- (1) Remove the air intake grille and the filter. (See Figure 1)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws from the reactor cover.
- (3) Disconnect the relay connector of reactor.
- (4) Remove 2 reactor fixing screws and remove the reactor.

# 4. Removing the indoor controller board (I.B)

- (1) Remove the air intake grille and the filter. (See Figure 1)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws from the electrical box cover.
- (3) Disconnect the connectors:

CNMF (White/7P) for fan motor

CN44 (White/4P) for thermistor (TH2/TH5)

CNP (Blue/3P) for drain pump CN4F (White/4P) for float switch CN01 (Black/5P) for earth and reactor

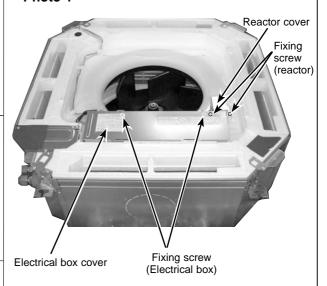
CNV (White/20P) for vane motor (4) Remove the 6 supports from indoor controller board.

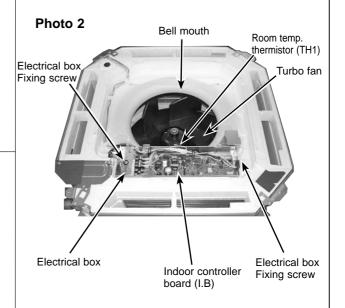
(5) Remove the indoor controller board.

#### 5. Removing the electrical box

- (1) Remove the air intake grille and the filter. (See Figure 1)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws from the electrical box cover.
- (3) Disconnect the connectors. (Refer to 4.)
- (4) Remove 2 electrical box fixing screws and remove 2 hooks.
- (5) Pull the electrical box.
  - <Electrical parts in the electrical box> Indoor controller board Terminal block (TB4)(TB5)

#### Photo 1





## **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

#### 6. Removing the fan and fan motor (MF)

- (1) Remove the electrical box. (See Photo 2)
- (2) Remove the bell mouth (3 screws). (See Photo 2)
- (3) Remove the turbo fan nut.
- (4) Pull out the turbo fan.
- (5) Remove the wire cover (3 screws).
- (6) Remove 2 wiring clamps.
- (7) Disconnect the connector of the fan motor (CNMF).
- (8) Remove the 3 nuts and washers and rubber mounts of the fan motor.

# Photo 3 Coil plate Fan motor Clamp Wire cover fixing screw Nut Washer

Rubber mount

**PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS** 

#### 7. Removing the panel

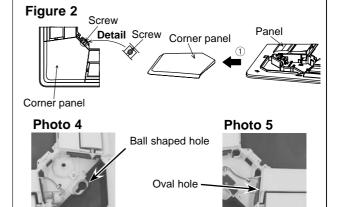
- (1) Remove the air intake grille and the filter. (See Figure 1)
- (2) Disconnect the connector CNV (White/20P).

#### Corner panel (See Figure 2)

- (3) Remove the corner screw.
- (4) Slide the corner panel to the direction of the arrow ①, and remove the corner panel.

#### Panel (See Photo 4, 5)

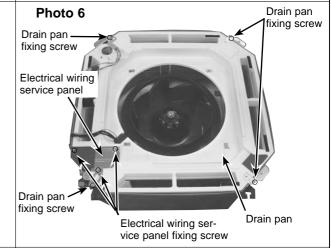
- (5) Remove the 2 screws from the panel which fix to the oval holes.
- (6) Rotate the panel a little to come to the bell shaped hole where the screw is large and remove the panel.



## 8. Removing the drain pan

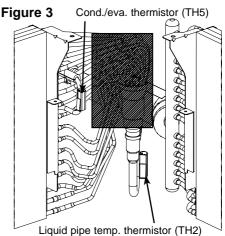
- (1) Remove the air intake grille and the filter. (See Figure 1)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws from the electrical box cover.
- (3) Disconnect the connectors. (Refer to 4.)
- (4) Remove the panel. (See Photo 4, 5)
- (5) Remove the electrical wiring service panel (3 screws).
- (6) Remove the electrical box. (See Photo 2)
- (7) Remove the bell mouth. (See Photo 2)
- (8) Remove the 4 screws and pull out the drain pan.
- \* Pull out the left and right of the pan gradually.

Be careful not to crack or damage the pan.



# 9. Removing the pipe temperature thermistor (TH2) and condenser evaporator temperature thermistor (TH5)

- (1) Remove the drain pan. (See Photo 6)
- (2) Remove the turbo fan. (See Photo 3)
- (3) Remove the 2 wiring clamps. (See Photo 3)
- (4) Remove the coil plate (2 screws).
- (5) Remove the thermistors which are inserted into the holders installed to the thin copper pipe.
- (6) Disconnect the 4-pin white connector (CN44).



# **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

# 10. Removing the drain pump (DP) and float switch (FS)

- (1) Remove the drain pan. (See Photo 6)
- (2) Cut the hose band and remove the hose.
- (3) Remove the drain pump assembly (3 screws and 2 hooks).
- (4) Remove the drain pump (3 screws).
- (5) Remove the float switch (2 screws).

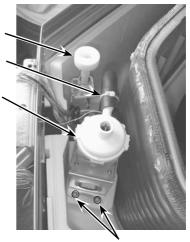
# **PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS**

#### Photo 7

Float switch

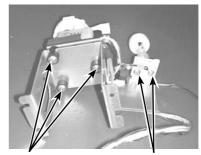
Hose band

Drain pump



Drain pump assembly fixing screw

#### Photo 8



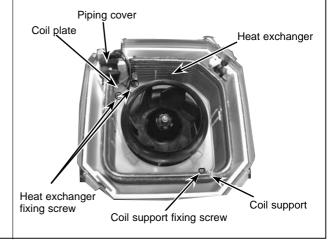
Drain pump fixing screw

Float switch fixing screw

#### 11. Removing the heat exchanger

- (1) Remove the drain pan. (See Photo 6)
- (2) Remove the 3 screws of the piping cover, and pull out piping cover.
- (3) Remove the 2 screws of coil plate.
- (4) Remove the 2 screws of the coil.
- (5) Remove the screw of the coil support.
- (6) Pull out the heat exchanger.

#### Photo 9







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